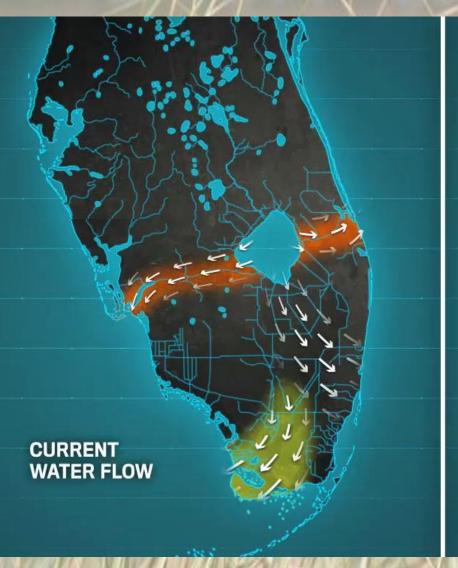


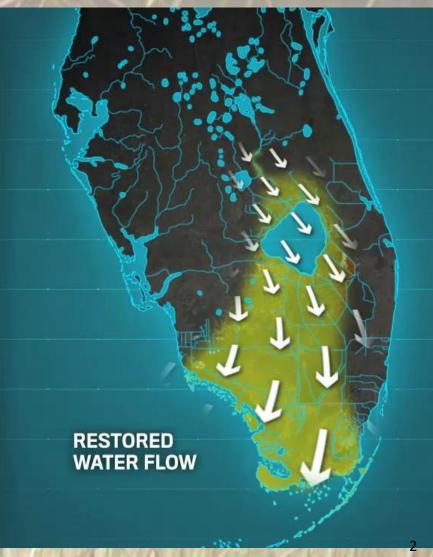
Aida Arik NCER 8/1/2013





Everglades Restoration Overview





Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan (CERP)



- Authorized in 2000
- 1.7 billion gallons fresh water wasted per day
- State/Fed cost share



CERP Progress in 2010



Everglades Restoration Review

- National Academy of Sciences, 2008 & 2010:
 - Projects so far are along periphery
 - Delay in progress: further degradation & jeopardizes restoration success
 - Need strong near term benefits
 - End water quantity and quality separation
 - Critical to maintain political and public support

Corps' response: Central Everglades Planning Project (CEPP)

- Launched Oct 2011
 - 18 month timeframe
 - now at 21 months and counting...

 Similar to Water Management District planning process



Regional Approach



Substantial Ecological Benefits

- Significant improvement in habitat quality across area, especially to Everglades National Park
 - Project area: ~2 million acres
- Addressing water quantity & quality together

First major step towards restoration of the core of the Everglades

Public Involvement

Project Delivery Team

Public Stakeholder Workshops

Agency Committees and Groups

PUBLIC

Local Sponsor Governance

Upper chain

- Very capable, cooperative, dedicated planners
- Issues addressed as plan moves forward
- Many forums
- Public pressure helps move process along

Successful?

- Needed for continued success:
 - Completion of planning process (deadlines!)
 - No delay in congressional authorization
 - Built-in flexibility and adaptive management
 - Capable leaders and local sponsorship
 - Recognition that CEPP is not an end goal



